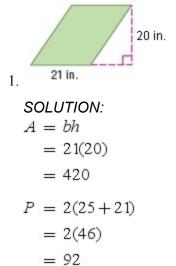
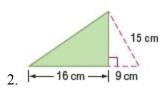
Find the perimeter and area of each parallelogram or triangle. Round to the nearest tenth if necessary.



#### ANSWER:

92 in., 420 in<sup>2</sup>



## SOLUTION:

Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the height h, of the triangle.

$$a^{2} + b^{2} = c^{2}$$

$$9^{2} + h^{2} = 15^{2}$$

$$h^{2} = 15^{2} - 9^{2}$$

$$h^{2} = 225 - 81$$

$$h = \sqrt{144}$$

$$h = 12$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(16)(12)$$

$$= 96$$

Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the length of the third side of the triangle.

$$a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}$$

$$16^{2}+12^{2}=c^{2}$$

$$256+144=c^{2}$$

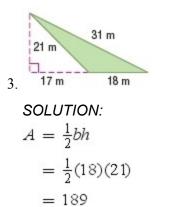
$$\sqrt{400}=c$$

$$20=c$$

The perimeter is 16 + 12 + 20 = 48 cm.

ANSWER:

48 cm, 96 cm<sup>2</sup>



Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the length of the third side of the triangle.

$$a^{2}+b^{2}=c^{2}$$

$$21^{2}+17^{2}=c^{2}$$

$$441+289=c^{2}$$

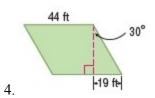
$$\sqrt{730}=c$$

$$27\approx c$$

The perimeter is about 31 + 18 + 27 = 76 m.

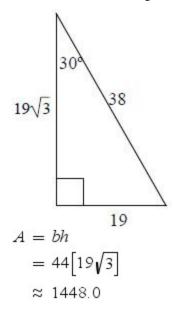
**ANSWER:** 76 m, 189 m<sup>2</sup>

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SOLUTION:

Use the 30-60-90 triangle to find the other lengths.



The perimeter is 2(44 + 38) = 164.

# ANSWER:

164 ft, 1448.0 ft<sup>2</sup>

#### Mid-Chapter Quiz: Lessons 11-1 through 11-3

5. The height of a triangle is 8 inches more than its base. The area of the triangle is 104.5 square inches. Find the base and height.

#### SOLUTION:

Let *x* be the length of the base of the triangle in inches. The height is x + 8 in.

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$
  

$$104.5 = \frac{1}{2}(x)(x+8)$$
  

$$209 = x^{2} + 8x$$
  

$$0 = x^{2} + 8x - 209$$
  

$$0 = (x+19)(x-11)$$
  

$$= -19 \text{ or } x = 11$$

Since *x* is a length it cannot be negative.

Therefore, the base of the triangle is 11 in. long and the height of the triangle is 11 + 8 = 19 in.

#### ANSWER:

х

11 in., 19 in.

6. **DESIGN** A plaque is made with a rhombus in the middle. If the diagonals of the rhombus measure 7 inches and 9 inches, how much space is available for engraving text onto the award?



SOLUTION:  $A = \frac{1}{2}d_1d_2$   $= \frac{1}{2}(7)(9)$  = 31.5

## ANSWER:

31.5 in<sup>2</sup>

#### Mid-Chapter Quiz: Lessons 11-1 through 11-3

7. **MULTIPLE CHOICE** The area of a kite is 4 square feet. If the tail is to be 3 times longer than the kite's long diagonal, and the short diagonal measures 2 feet, how long should the kite tail be?

A 4 feet

**B** 6 feet

C 7 feet

**D** 12 feet

#### SOLUTION:

The area A of a kite is one half the product of the lengths of its diagonals,  $d_1$  and  $d_2$ .

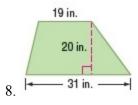
area =  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot d_1 d_2$   $4 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot x$ 4 = x

Therefore, the length of the kite tail should be  $3 \times 4$  or 12 ft, which is choice D.

## ANSWER:

D

#### Find the area of each trapezoid, rhombus, or kite.

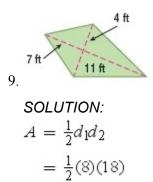


SOLUTION:

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h$$
  
=  $\frac{1}{2}(19 + 31)(20)$   
= 500

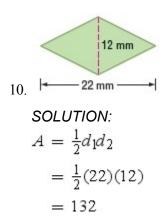
#### ANSWER:

500 in<sup>2</sup>



## ANSWER:

 $72 \text{ ft}^2$ 



# ANSWER:

 $132 \text{ mm}^2$ 

SOLUTION:

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h$$
  
=  $\frac{1}{2}(10 + 14)(15)$   
= 180

**ANSWER:** 180 cm<sup>2</sup>

12. **ARCHAEOLOGY** The most predominant shape in Incan architecture is the trapezoid. The doorway pictured on page 789 is 3 feet wide at the top and 4 feet wide at the bottom. A person who is 5 feet 8 inches tall can barely pass through the doorway. How much fabric would be necessary to make a curtain for the doorway?

### SOLUTION:

The doorway is in the shape of a trapezoid.

5 feet 8 inches  $\approx$  5.67 feet

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(b_1 + b_2)h$$
  
=  $\frac{1}{2}(3 + 4)(5.67)$   
 $\approx 19.8$ 

## ANSWER:

$$19.8 \, {\rm ft}^2$$

13. ALGEBRA A sector of a circle has a central angle measure of  $30^{\circ}$  and radius *r*. Write an expression for the perimeter of the sector in terms of *r*.

SOLUTION:  

$$arclength = \frac{x}{360} \cdot 2\pi r$$
  
 $= \frac{30}{360}(2\pi r)$   
 $= \frac{1}{12}(2\pi r)$   
 $\approx \frac{1}{6}\pi r$ 

The perimeter of the sector is the sum of the length of the arc and twice the radius, so the perimeter of the sector is  $\frac{1}{6}\pi r + 2r$  units.

## ANSWER:

 $\frac{1}{6}\pi r+2r$ 

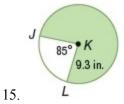
Find the area of each shaded sector. Round to the nearest tenth.

SOLUTION:

$$A = \frac{x}{360} \cdot \pi r^2$$
$$= \frac{52}{360} \pi (2)^2$$
$$= \frac{13}{90} \pi (4)$$
$$\approx 1.8$$

ANSWER:

 $1.8 \text{ cm}^2$ 

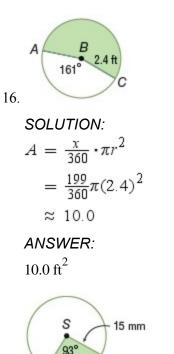


SOLUTION:

$$A = \frac{x}{360} \cdot \pi r^2$$
  
=  $\frac{275}{360} \pi (9.3)^2$   
=  $\frac{55}{72} \pi (86.49)$   
 $\approx 207.6$ 

## ANSWER:

 $207.6 \text{ in}^2$ 



R

SOLUTION:

$$A = \frac{x}{360} \cdot \pi r^{2}$$
  
=  $\frac{93}{360} \pi (15)^{2}$   
=  $\frac{93}{360} \pi (225)$   
 $\approx 182.6$ 

#### ANSWER:

182.6 mm<sup>2</sup>

#### Find the indicated measure. Round to the nearest tenth.

18. The area of a circle is 52 square inches. Find the diameter.

SOLUTION:

$$A = \pi r^{2}$$

$$52 = \pi r^{2}$$

$$\frac{52}{\pi} = r^{2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{52}{\pi}} = r$$

$$2\sqrt{\frac{52}{\pi}} = d$$

$$8.1 \approx d$$

#### ANSWER:

8.1 in.

19. Find the radius of a circle with an area of 104 square meters.

SOLUTION:  

$$A = \pi r^{2}$$

$$104 = \pi r^{2}$$

$$\frac{104}{\pi} = r^{2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{104}{\pi}} = r$$

$$5.8 \approx r$$

ANSWER:

5.8 m

20. **FRUIT** The diameter of the orange slice shown is 9 centimeters. If each of the orange's 10 sections are congruent, find the approximate area covered by 8 sections.



SOLUTION: Since the orange is equally divided into 10 sections, each one will have an arc measure of  $360 \div 10$  or 36.

8 sections is 36(8) = 288.

$$A = \frac{x}{360} \cdot \pi r^{2}$$
  
=  $\frac{288}{360} \pi (4.5)^{2}$   
=  $\frac{8}{10} \pi (20.25)$   
\approx 50.9

ANSWER: 50.9 cm<sup>2</sup>